Financial Statements of

ONTARIO SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon

Year ended December 31, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Ontario Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Ontario Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021
- the statement of operations and changes in fund balances for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" section of our auditors' report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2021, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the Entity derives revenue from donations and fundraising activities, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Entity.

Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to:

- the current assets and fund balances reported in the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020
- the donations and fundraising revenues and excess of revenues over expenses and distributions reported in the statements of operations for the years ended December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020
- the excess of revenues over expenses and distributions reported in the statements of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020.



Page 2

Our opinion on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 was qualified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises:

 the information, other than the financial statements and the auditors' report thereon, included in the 2021 Annual Report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the information, other than the financial statements and the auditors' report thereon, included in the 2021 Annual Report as at the date of this auditors' report.

If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in the auditors' report.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



Page 3

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



Page 4

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other
 matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings,
 including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our
 audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Vaughan, Canada

KPMG LLP

May 7, 2022

Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,094,977	\$ 14,735,522
Short-term investments (note 2)	5,033,348	3,969,606
Prepaid expenses (note 8(b))	2,265,582	1,010,394
Accounts receivable (notes 3 and 6)	554,180	554,573
Inventory	51,525	49,690
	24,999,612	20,319,785
Investments (note 2)	5,511,614	4,166,671
Capital assets (note 4)	13,380,321	13,778,450
	\$ 43,891,547	\$ 38,264,906
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5)	\$ 1,727,640	\$ 1,501,330
Deferred revenue	22,300	36,037
200.00.00	1,749,940	1,537,367
Fund balances (note 7):		
Provincial	42,141,607	36,727,539
Commitments (note 8)		
Guarantees (note 11)		
Contingencies (note 12)		
	\$ 43,891,547	\$ 38,264,906
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See accompanying notes to financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

Statement of Operations and Changes in Fund Balances

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

			2021	2020
	Provincial	Regional		
	Fund	Fund	Total	Total
Revenue:				
Donations and fundraising Grants (note 6) Shelter and veterinary Municipal contract fees Investments (note 2) Other	\$ 5,773,703 1,288,704 551,761 - 459,570 37,030 8,110,768	\$ 1,439,816 734,874 912,207 1,169,272 56,490 176,252 4,488,911	\$ 7,213,519 2,023,578 1,463,968 1,169,272 516,060 213,282 12,599,679	\$ 7,063,785 3,155,861 1,300,767 1,547,774 366,745 247,419 13,682,351
Evnoncos				
Expenses: Animal care and protection General Fundraising Communication and education services Amortization	3,975,400 4,169,385 1,726,850 823,116 543,527	4,479,745 - 27,489 10,508 178,606	8,455,145 4,169,385 1,754,339 833,624 722,133	8,770,685 4,183,763 1,757,890 744,655 771,378
Interest and bank charges	158,496 11,396,774	32,051 4,728,399	190,547 16,125,173	173,814 16,402,185
Distributions: Grants to Ontario Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals' affiliates and Humane Societies in other provinces (note 9)	95,571	_	95,571	176,405
Deficiency of revenue over				
expenses and distributions before legacies	(3,381,577)	(239,488)	(3,621,065)	(2,896,239)
Legacies	6,918,674	2,116,459	9,035,133	6,333,985
Excess of revenue over expenses and distributions	3,537,097	1,876,971	5,414,068	3,437,746
Fund balances, beginning of year	36,727,539	_	36,727,539	33,289,793
Transfer between funds (note 7)	1,876,971	(1,876,971)	-	-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 42,141,607	\$ _	\$ 42,141,607	\$ 36,727,539

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

		2021		2020
Cash provided by (used in):				
Operating activities:				
Excess of revenue over expenses and distributions	\$	5,414,068	\$	3,437,746
Items not involving cash:				
Amortization		722,133		771,378
Realized loss (gain) on sale of investments		37,661		(74,540)
Unrealized loss (gain) on investments		(328,419)		88,195
Gain on disposal of capital assets		(64,915)		(67,811)
Change in non-cash operating working capital:				
Accounts receivable		393		(61,002)
Inventory		(1,835)		15,668
Prepaid expenses		(1,255,188)		(84,978)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		226,310		(232,160)
Deferred revenue		(13,737)		(46,178)
		4,736,471		3,746,318
Investing activities:				
Increase in investments		(2,117,927)		(6,899)
Additions to capital assets		(352,789)		(551,781)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		93,700		110,715
1 1000000 Holli Galo of Gaphar accord		(2,377,016)		(447,965)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		2,359,455		3,298,353
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		14,735,522		11,437,169
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	17,094,977	\$	14,735,522
Represented by:				
Cash	\$	4,444,977	\$	14,735,522
Cash equivalents	Ψ	12,650,000	Ψ	- 1,700,022
Cash equivalente		,000,000		
	\$	17,094,977	\$	14,735,522
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See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2021

Ontario Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals ("Ontario SPCA") was founded as a registered charity in 1873 and was incorporated as a non-profit corporation in 1919.

The mission of Ontario SPCA is to facilitate and provide for province-wide leadership on matters relating to the prevention of cruelty to animals and the promotion of animal welfare. Ontario SPCA strives to be a strong, unified and collaborative charitable organization dedicated to the cultivation of a compassionate society for all animals.

Ontario SPCA is registered as a charitable organization under the Income Tax Act (Canada) (the "Act"). As such, Ontario SPCA is exempt from income taxes and is able to issue donation receipts for income tax purposes. In order to maintain its status as a registered charity under the Act, Ontario SPCA must meet certain requirements within the Act. In the opinion of management, these requirements have been met.

1. Significant accounting policies:

These financial statements include the accounts of the provincial office of Ontario SPCA and its regional Animal Centres. The financial statements do not include the accounts of affiliated societies (note 9).

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations in Part III of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada Handbook.

(a) Fund accounting:

Ontario SPCA follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions.

(i) Provincial Fund:

The Provincial Fund accounts for provincial animal care and protection services, the provincial spay/neuter veterinary clinic(s), as well as provincial communication services (humane education, publication, etc.), provincial fundraising, human resources, finance and information technology.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(ii) Regional Fund:

The Regional Fund accounts for Ontario SPCA Animal Centres fundraising activities (including thrift shops), regional animal protection services, regional humane education initiatives and regional animal facilities.

(b) Revenue recognition:

Ontario SPCA recognizes revenue from fundraising efforts, donations, legacies and from shelter and veterinary operations when funds are received. Deferred revenue represents fees received in advance of services rendered.

Donations and legacies received in the form of marketable securities are recorded at their fair market value at the time of receipt.

Endowment contributions are recognized as revenue of the applicable fund in the year in which they are received.

Grants received for specific purposes, for which there is no restricted fund established, are recognized when the grant specifications have been met.

Revenue from various municipal contracts is recorded as amounts are earned through the provision of service.

Investment revenue includes interest income, net realized gain or loss on sale of investments and the net change in unrealized gain or loss on investments for the year.

(c) Government assistance:

Ontario SPCA has applied for financial assistance under available government incentive programs. Government assistance related to current expenses is recognized as revenue during the year.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(d) Cash and cash equivalents:

Ontario SPCA considers deposits in banks, certificates of deposit and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less as cash and cash equivalents.

(e) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Freestanding derivative instruments that are not in a qualifying hedging relationship and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. Ontario SPCA has elected to carry its pooled fund investments at fair value.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using the straight-line method.

Financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year if there are indicators of impairment. If there is an indicator of impairment, Ontario SPCA determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset. If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount Ontario SPCA expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future period, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of the improvement, not exceeding the initial carrying value.

The unrealized gain or loss on investments, being the difference between book value and carrying value, is included in investment revenue in the statement of operations and changes in fund balances.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Fair values of investments are determined as follows:

- (i) Pooled fund investments represent Ontario SPCA's proportionate share of the underlying net assets of the Toronto Foundation Fund, at fair values determined using closing market prices.
- (ii) Guaranteed investment certificates ("GICs") maturing within a year are stated at amortized cost, which together with accrued interest income approximate fair value given the short-term nature of these investments.

The fair values of other financial assets and liabilities, being cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, approximate their carrying values due to the relatively short-term nature of these financial instruments.

(f) Capital assets:

Purchased capitalized assets are recorded at cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. Betterments which extend the estimated life of an asset are capitalized. Tangible capital assets are written down to fair value or replacement cost to reflect partial impairments when conditions indicate that the assets no longer contribute to the ability to provide goods and services, or that the value of future economic benefits or service potential associated with the tangible capital assets are less than their net carrying amounts. Capital assets are amortized as follows:

Asset	Basis	Rate
Buildings Furniture and fixtures Automotive equipment Computers Leasehold improvements	Declining balance Declining balance Declining balance Straight line Straight line	2% 20% 30% 33% Term of lease

Capital purchases under \$1,000 are expensed when incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(g) Donations-in-kind:

Donated materials, services and capital assets are recorded at fair value in the period received when a fair value can be reasonably estimated and when the materials, services and capital assets would be paid for if not donated. A substantial number of volunteers have made significant contributions of their time to Ontario SPCA. Since these services are not normally purchased by Ontario SPCA and because of the difficulty of determining their fair value, donated services for volunteer activities are not recognized in the financial statements.

(h) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the carrying amount of capital assets, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and disclosure of contingencies. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Investments:

	202	1 2020
Short-term: GICs, measured at amortized cost Other	\$ 5,008,09 25,25	
	\$ 5,033,34	8 \$ 3,969,606
Long-term: Pooled fund investments with the Toronto Foundation, measured at fair value	\$ 5,511,61	4 \$ 4,166,671

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

2. Investments (continued):

The GICs produce a weighted yield to maturity of 0.60% (2020 - 1.85%) and mature in 2022.

Included in investment revenue are net realized loss on sale of investments of \$37,661 (2020 - \$74,540 gain) and unrealized gain on investments of \$328,419 (2020 - \$88,195 loss).

3. Accounts receivable:

	2021	2020
Accounts receivable Harmonized sales tax Other	\$ 221,482 121,215 211,483	\$ 204,352 110,434 239,787
	\$ 554,180	\$ 554,573

4. Capital assets:

						2021		2020
			Α	ccumulated		Net book		Net book
		Cost		amortization		value		value
	_		_		_		_	
Land and improvements	\$	1,720,550	\$	_	\$	1,720,550	\$	1,720,550
Buildings		14,832,772		(4,139,529)		10,693,243		10,665,859
Furniture and fixtures		2,247,249		(2,031,847)		215,402		259,475
Automotive equipment		1,698,853		(1,174,100)		524,753		725,927
Computers		2,008,211		(1,841,478)		166,733		367,949
Leasehold improvements		684,191		(624,551)		59,640		38,690
	\$	23,191,826	\$	(9,811,505)	\$	13,380,321	\$	13,778,450

5. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances payable of \$209,474 (2020 - \$189,884), which includes amounts payable for harmonized sales tax and payroll-related taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

6. Government subsidies:

Ontario SPCA applied for the Canadian Emergency Wage Subsidy and has received \$1,723,098 during the year (2020 - \$2,849,392), with \$118,734 (2020 - \$176,153) included in receivables as at December 31, 2021. The total of \$1,841,833 (2020 - \$3,025,545) related to this program is included in grants on the statement of operations and changes in fund balances.

7. Fund balances:

Fund balances comprise the following:

									2021	2020
	ln	vested in capital	Extern	,		d =		lana aksi aka d	Takal	Tatal
		assets	restric	tea	En	dowment	- (Jnrestricted	Total	Total
Provincial Regional		7,561,317 5,819,004	\$ 253, ¹		\$	6,507 678,101	\$	34,319,852 (6,593,442)	\$ 42,141,607 —	\$ 36,727,539 –
	\$ 13	3,380,321	\$ 350,	268	\$	684,608	\$	27,726,410	\$ 42,141,607	\$ 36,727,539

These endowment funds are included as part of the investment balance.

On an annual basis, any deficiency in the Regional Fund will be funded from the Provincial Fund with no expectation of repayment. Any excess in the Regional Fund will be transferred to the Provincial Fund to be expended for future purposes.

8. Commitments:

(a) Ontario SPCA has lease commitments for buildings and office equipment which expire at various dates. Future minimum lease commitments are as follows:

2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 Thereafter	\$ 34,800 29,600 21,800 15,100 13,700 41,200
	\$ 156,200

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

8. Commitments (continued):

(b) The Ontario SPCA has committed \$2,000,000 to the Peterborough Humane Society, an affiliate, towards the construction of a provincial dog rehabilitation centre that is expected to be available for occupancy by 2022. The Ontario SPCA has agreed to lease a portion of the premises for a period of 20 years upon completion of construction. Under the terms of the agreement, all amounts paid towards the \$2,000,000 commitment will be classified as a prepayment towards the monthly rent and operating costs of the leased premises. As at December 31, 2021, Ontario SPCA has paid all (2020 - \$636,178) of the \$2,000,000 commitment. The amount is included in prepaid expenses in the statement of financial position.

9. Related organizations:

Affiliated societies are local animal welfare organizations and humane societies in various communities across Ontario, and are affiliated with Ontario SPCA as approved by the Board of Directors. Each affiliate operates autonomously and is independently incorporated.

During the year, \$72,960 (2020 - \$155,064) in grants/disbursements of designated gifts to Ontario SPCA affiliates were due and recorded in these financial statements.

10. Donations-in-kind:

The Ontario SPCA's revenue and expenses include animal food and supplies, fundraising supplies and materials, and miscellaneous furniture and supplies and other items, which are donated and have a fair market value of \$55,265 (2020 - \$35,110).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

11. Guarantees:

In the normal course of business, Ontario SPCA enters into agreements that meet the definition of guarantees.

- (a) Ontario SPCA has provided indemnities under lease agreements for the use of various operating facilities. Under the terms of these agreements, Ontario SPCA agrees to indemnify the counterparties for various items, including, but not limited to, all liabilities, loss, suits and damages arising during, on or after the term of the agreement. The maximum amount of any potential future payment cannot be reasonably estimated.
- (b) Ontario SPCA indemnifies all directors for various items, including, but not limited to, all costs to settle suits or actions due to services provided to Ontario SPCA, subject to certain restrictions. Ontario SPCA has purchased liability insurance to mitigate the cost of any potential future suits or actions. The amount of any potential future payment cannot be reasonably estimated. Discontinuing Ontario SPCA's work in provincial legislation enforcement greatly reduces the Society's future exposure.

The nature of these indemnification agreements prevents Ontario SPCA from making a reasonable estimate of the maximum exposure due to the difficulties in assessing the amount of liability which stems from the unpredictability of future events and the unlimited coverage offered to counterparties. Historically, Ontario SPCA has not made any significant payments under such or similar indemnification agreements and, therefore, no amount has been accrued with respect to these agreements.

12. Contingencies:

Ontario SPCA has been named as the defendant in certain legal actions, in which damages have been sought. The outcome of these actions are not determinable as at December 31, 2021 and, accordingly, no provision has been made in these financial statements for any liability which may result. In the event of a loss, all claims would be covered by Ontario SPCA insurance coverage.

The Ontario SPCA is involved in various legal actions, most of which resulted from its role in provincial animal welfare legislation enforcement, and are within the normal course of operations. Discontinuing Ontario SPCA's work in provincial legislation enforcement will reduce future legal exposure of this nature. In the opinion of management, any resulting liabilities are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial position or net operations.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

13. Financial risks and concentration of credit risk:

Financial risk management relates to the understanding and active management of risks associated with all areas of the business and the associated operating environment. Investments are primarily exposed to credit, liquidity and other price and interest rate risks. Ontario SPCA mitigates these risks with an investment policy designed to limit exposure and concentration while achieving optimal return within reasonable risk tolerances. There has been no change in risk exposure from the prior year.

(a) Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. Accounts receivable are subject to credit risk. Ontario SPCA assesses, on a continuous basis, accounts receivable and provides for any amounts that are not collectible in the allowance for doubtful accounts. Cash and cash equivalents are held in creditworthy financial institutions.

(b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that Ontario SPCA will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. Ontario SPCA manages its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. Ontario SPCA prepares budget and cash forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations.

(c) Other price and interest rate risk:

The risks associated with the investments are the risks associated with the securities in which the funds are invested. The value of securities will vary with developments within the specific companies or governments which issue the securities. The value of fixed income securities will generally rise if interest rates fall and fall if interest rates rise. The value of securities denominated in a currency other than the Canadian dollar will be affected by changes in the value of the Canadian dollar in relation to the value of the currency in which the security is denominated.